

1. Function and Use.

This small program will convert SJIS encoded Japanese characters into a ‘preprocessed’ form. The need of this program arises from the fact that this encoding uses the characters ‘\’, ‘{’, and ‘}’ which have special meanings in \TeX .

Use this program as a filter:

```
sjisconv < input_file > output_file
```

2. The program.

The only function of this program is to replace all occurrences of SJIS encoded two byte characters XY with $\text{\textasciixX}\text{\textasciixY}$ (X and Y are the first and the second byte of the character; ZZZ represents the second byte as a decimal number).

Additionally we define a \TeX macro at the very beginning to signal a preprocessed file.

The following code is very simple. No error detection is done because \TeX which will see the output of `sjisconv` complains loudly if something is wrong.

```
#define banner "sjisconv(CJKver.4.8.1)"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(argc, argv)
    int argc;
    char *argv[];
{int ch;

    fprintf(stdout, "\\def\\CJKpreproc{%s}", banner);
    ch = fgetc(stdin);

    while (!feof(stdin))
    {if ((ch >= #81 & ch <= #9F) ∨ (ch >= #E0 & ch <= #EF))
        {fprintf(stdout, "\\177%c\\177", ch);

            ch = fgetc(stdin);
            if (!feof(stdin))
                fprintf(stdout, "%d\\177", ch);
        }
        else
            fputc(ch, stdout);

        ch = fgetc(stdin);
    }
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
    return 0;
}
```

/* never reached */